Exhibit 1

to the

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8	Attorneys for Plaintiff
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
10	DISTRICT OF NEVADA

S. ROWAN WILSON, an individual,

Plaintiff,

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ERIC HOLDER, individually and as Attorney General of the United States; THE U.S. BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES; B. TODD JONES, individually and as Acting Director of the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; ARTHUR HERBERT, individually and Assistant Director of the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; and THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DECLARATION OF S. ROWAN WILSON

Case No.

Defendants.

- 1. The undersigned declarant, S. ROWAN WILSON (hereinafter referred to as "me," "I," or "Declarant"), being first duly sworn, hereby deposes and says the following:
- 2. I am over the age of eighteen, suffer no legal mental disabilities, have personal knowledge of the facts set forth below, and am competent to testify in this matter.
- 3. I have read this declaration and know the contents hereof; the same is true of my own knowledge, except for those matters herein contained stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

	4.	I am d	currer	ntly a re	esident d	of Carson C	City, Nevad	la and pos	ses	s a maili	ing add	Iress
in Dayto	n, N	levada.	See	STATE	ISSUED	DRIVER'S	LICENSE,	attached	as	Exhibit	"1-A"	and
incorpora	ited	herein	by re	ference	١.							

- 5. I have resided in the State of Nevada since September 2006.
- 6. I am a graduate of the University of Texas, Austin, with a bachelor's degree in music studies and voice performance.
- 7. I recently obtained my Masters in Business Administration, with a focus in Finance, at Jones International University of Colorado.
- 8. Over the past year, I have worked as a professional caregiver and medical technician, most recently hired to work exclusively as a medical technician at Carson Valley Residential Care.
- 9. During the course of my employment over this past year, I have decided to pursue a medical career and to attend medical school.
- 10. I am currently completing my prerequisite education, as needed to start medical school.
 - 11. It is currently my intention to pursue a doctorate in osteopathy.
- 12. For the past few months, I have been actively researching and identifying specific medical schools. I have also met with and shadowed a series of doctors.
- 13. For many years, I have had an active interest in holistic and alternative forms of medical treatment.
- 14. Roughly three years ago, a friend of mine suffering from endometriosis, informed me of the positive treatment uses of cannabis, explaining that cannabis was extremely effective in mitigating, or even eliminating, persistent muscle spasms, such as those suffered during severe menstrual cycles.
- 15. Since then, I have further researched the efficacy of using cannabis as a medical treatment, having interviewed and consulted with a number of licensed physicians.

/ / /

16. Most recently, just days ago, I met with Doctor Alan Shackelford in Denver, Colorado, where he operates a consulting practice and an internal medicine practice with Amarimed.

- 17. Dr. Shackelford is a licensed physician in Colorado, having earned his doctor of medicine from the University of Heidelberg and having served as a fellow with the Harvard University School of Medicine.
- 18. Since embarking on my study of medical cannabis, I have met with and encountered dozens of patients that have communicated to me their positive experiences with medical cannabis; most of these individuals are elderly persons suffering from serious ailments, who find substantial relief and curative benefits from the use of cannabis; many of these patients ingest cannabis orally, as opposed to smoking.
- 19. Most of the individuals I have encountered certainly do not fit the commonly portrayed, narrow-minded stereotype of a marijuana user.
- 20. My interest in the medical efficacy of cannabis stems in part from my own struggles with severe menstrual cycles, and the possible treatment options that cannabis offers; since the age of ten (10), I have personally suffered from severe menstrual cramps, which are sometimes debilitating, even leading to further painful side effects, such as severe nausea and cachexia.
- 21. In October of 2010, I decided to apply for a Nevada medical marijuana registry card.
- 22. I obtained a doctor's recommendation, as required and submitted all of the appropriate paperwork to the State.
- 23. Due to the many unfortunate administrative delays within Nevada's medical marijuana program, the State took seven months to fully process my application.
- 24. Finally, on May 12, 2011, I was issued a medical marijuana registry card from the State of Nevada. *See* **MEDICAL MARIJUANA REGISTRY CARD**, attached as Exhibit "1-B" and incorporated herein by reference.

- 25. On October 4, 2011, I sought to purchase a firearm for personal protection, but discovered, in my attempt to make the purchase, that my mere possession of a medical marijuana registry card prohibits any federal firearms licensee from selling me any firearm or ammunition.
- 26. On October 4, 2011, I walked into Custom Firearms & Gunsmitihing in Moundhouse, Nevada, hoping to purchase a Smith & Wesson model 686 chamber in 0.357" magnum (hereinafter referred to as the "Firearm").
- 27. It was my intent to purchase the Firearm to replace a .357 magnum that I had previously gifted to my parents; in or about October, 2008, I had gifted the previous firearm to my parents for their protection purposes; at the time, I was actually planning to move overseas, and it seemed prudent to give the handgun to my parents, noting that my father had an interest in maintaining the handgun for personal protection purposes.
- 28. In furtherance of my attempt to purchase the Firearm, I completed ATF application form 4473 (hereinafter referred to as Form 4473). *See* **COMPLETED FORM 4473**, attached as Exhibit "1-C" and incorporated herein by reference.
- 29. On Form 4473, question 11(e) asks "Are you an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marijuana, or any depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, or any other controlled substance?"
- 30. While my natural inclination would be to answer this question as "No," it has been brought to my attention that the Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco and Firearms (hereinafter referred to as the "ATF") has set down a policy whereby it is presumed that any person holding a medical marijuana registry card is automatically considered an "unlawful user of, or addicted to marijuana".
 - 31. For this reason, I left question 11(e) blank on my application form.

32. When I provided Form 4473 to Fred Hauseur, the proprietor of Custom
Firearms & Gunsmithing, he informed me that he could not sell me a firearm without
jeopardizing his federal firearms license; I have known Fred for nearly a year; and Fred was
previously aware of the fact that I possess a state-issued medical marijuana registry card; Fred
informed me that the mere fact that he knew that I possessed a medical marijuana registry
card meant that he was prohibited from selling me the Firearm or any other firearm or
ammunition.
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- 33. Unable to purchase the Firearm, I was forced to leave Mr. Hauseur's gun shop without consummating any firearm purchase.
- 34. I am informed and believe that, based upon this recent ruling from the ATF, no Federal Firearms Licensee is permitted to sell me any firearm or ammunition.

Further declarant sayeth naught. Executed this 12th day of October 2011, in Carson S. ROWAN WILSON City, Nevada.

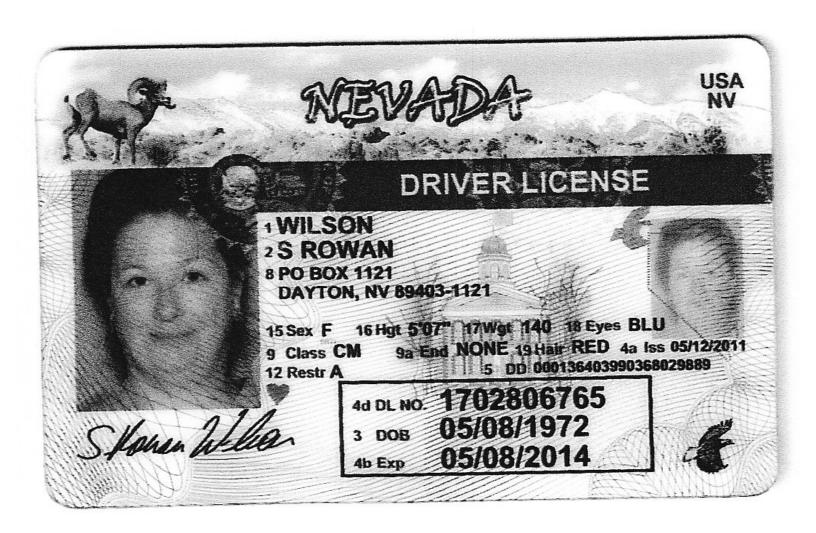


S.	Rowan	Wilson v.	Attorney	General Eric	Holder et al.		

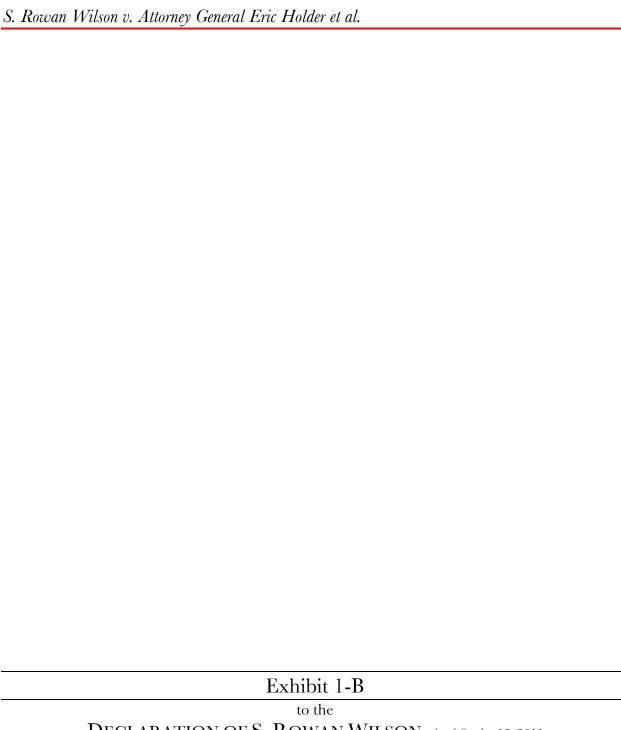
Exhibit 1-A

to the

DECLARATION OF S. ROWAN WILSON, dated October 12, 2011







DECLARATION OF S. ROWAN WILSON, dated October 12, 2011

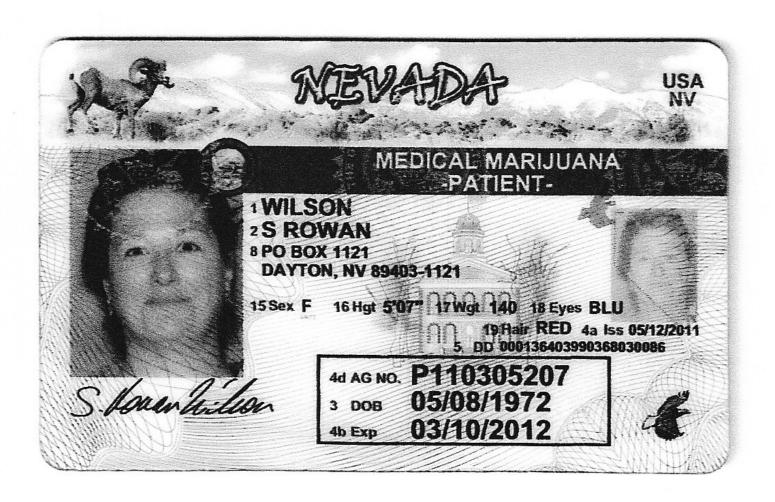




Exhibit 1-C

to the

DECLARATION OF S. ROWAN WILSON, dated October 12, 2011

OMB No. 1140-0020

U.S. Department of Justice Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

Firearms Transaction Record Part I -Over-the-Counter

	feror's Transaction Number
Prepare in original only. All entries must be in ink. Read the Important Notices, Instructions and Definitions on this form. 'Please Print."	
Section A - Must Be Completed Personally By Transferee (Buyer)	
1. Transferee's Full Name	Van Salat
Last Name Middle Name (If no middle n	name state "NMN")
Wilson S.160Wan -	
2. Current Residence Address (Cannot be a post office box.)	
Number and Street Address City County State	Zip Code
2710 Menlo Dr. 98 Carson City, Carsonity W	89706
3. Place of Birth 4. Height 5. Weight 6. Gender 7. Birth Date	
U.S. City/State Columbus, CA Foreign Country In. 7/1 140 Male Month Day Female X 5 8	Year 2
8. Social Security Number (Optional, but will help prevent misidentification.) 9. Unique Personal Identification Number (UPIN) if a Instruction to Transferor 6.)	applicable (See
10. Race (Ethnicity) (Check one or more boxes.)	
American Indian or Alaska Native Black or African American Native Hawaiian or Other Hispanic or Latino Asian White	Pacific Islander
11. Answer questions 11.a. through 12 by writing "yes" or "no" in the boxes to the right of the questions.	
a. Are you the actual buyer of the firearm(s) listed on this form? Warning: You are not the actual buyer if you are acquiring the firearm(s) on behalf of another person. If you are not the actual buyer, the dealer cannot transfer the firearm(s) to	V
you. (See Important Notice 1 for actual buyer definition and examples.) b. Are you under indictment or information in any court for a felony, or any other crime, for which the judge could imprison you for more than one year? (An information is a formal accusation of a crime by a prosecutor. See Definition 3.)	1/
c. Have you ever been convicted in any court of a felony , or any other crime, for which the judge could have imprisoned you for more than one year, even if you received a shorter sentence including probation? (See Important Notice 4, Exception 1.)	N
d. Are you a fugitive from justice?	11
e. Are you an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marijuana, or any depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, or any other controlled substance?	
f. Have you ever been adjudicated mentally defective (which includes a determination by a court, board, commission, or other lawful authority that you are a danger to yourself or to others or are incompetent to manage your own affairs) OR have you ever been committed to a mental institution? (See Important Notice 4 and Definitions 5 and 6.)	N
g. Have you been discharged from the Armed Forces under dishonorable conditions?	1/
h. Are you subject to a court order restraining you from harassing, stalking, or threatening your child or an intimate partner or child of such partner? (See Important Notice 5.)	N
 Have you ever been convicted in any court of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence? (See Important Notice 4, Exception 1 and Definition 4.) 	N
j. Have you ever renounced your United States citizenship?	N
k. Are you an alien illegally in the United States?	N
 Are you a nonimmigrant alien? (See Definition 8.) If you answered "no" to this question, you are not required to respond to question 12. 	1/
12. If you answered "yes" to question 11.1., do you fall within any of the exceptions set forth in Important Notice 4, Exception 2? (e.g., valid State hunting license.) (If "yes," the licensee must complete question 20c.)	
13. What is your State of residence (if any)? \(\sum \text{VA OL} \) (See Definition 7. If you are not a citizen of the United have a State of residence if you have resided in a State for at least 90 continuous days immediately prior to the date of this sale.)	d States, you only
14. What is your country of citizenship? (List/check more than one, if applicable.)	
United States of America Other (Specify)	
15. If you are not a citizen of the United States, what is your U.Sissued alien number or admission number?	

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EXCEPTION 1: A person who has been convicted of a felony, or any other crime, for which the judge could have imprisoned the person for more than one year, or who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, is not prohibited from purchasing, receiving, or possessing a firearm if: (1) under the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred, the person has been pardoned, the conviction has been expunged or set aside, or the person has had civil rights (the right to vote, sit on a jury, and hold public office) restored AND (2) the person is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred from receiving or possessing firearms. Persons subject to this exception should answer "no" to 11.c. or 11.i., as applicable. A person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence also is not prohibited unless: (1) the person was represented by a lawyer or gave up the right to a lawyer; and (2) if the person was entitled to a jury, was tried by a jury or gave up the right to a jury trial. Persons subject to this exception should answer "no" to 11.i.

EXCEPTION 2: A nonimmigrant alien is not prohibited from purchasing, receiving, or possessing a firearm if the alien: (1) is in possession of a hunting license or permit lawfully issued in the United States; or (2) has received a waiver from the prohibition from the Attorney General of the United States. (See 18 U.S.C. § 922(y)(2) for additional exceptions.) Persons subject to one of these exceptions should answer "yes" to questions 11.1. and 12 and provide the documentation requested by question 20c.

- 5. Restraining Orders: Under 18 U.S.C. § 922, firearms may not be sold to or received by persons subject to a court order that: (A) was issued after a hearing which the person received actual notice of and had an opportunity to participate in; (B) restrains such person from harassing, stalking or threatening an intimate partner or child of such intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the partner or child; and (C)(i) includes a finding that such person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of such intimate partner or child; or (ii) by its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against such intimate partner or child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury. An "intimate partner" of a person is: the spouse or former spouse of the person, the parent of a child of the person, or an individual who cohabitates or has cohabited with the person.
- 6. Engaged in the Business: Under 18 U.S.C. §§ 922 and 923, it is unlawful for a person to engage in the business of dealing in firearms without a license. A person is engaged in the business of dealing in firearms if he or she devotes time, attention, and labor to dealing in firearms as a regular course of trade or business with the principal objective of livelihood and profit through the repetitive purchase and resale of firearms. A license is not required of a person who only makes occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection or for a hobby, or who sells all or part of his or her personal collection of firearms.
- Exportation of Firearms: The State or Commerce Departments may require you to obtain a license prior to export.

Instructions To Transferee/Buyer

- The buyer must personally complete Section A of this form and certify (sign)
 that the answers are true and correct. However, if the buyer is unable to read
 and/or write, the answers (other than the signature) may be written by another
 person, excluding the seller. Two persons (other than the seller) must then sign
 as witnesses to the buyer's answers and signature.
- 2. When the buyer of a firearm is a corporation, company, association, partner-ship or other such business entity, an officer authorized to act on behalf of the business must complete Section A of the form with his or her personal information, sign Section A, and attach a written statement, executed under penalties of perjury, stating: (A) the firearm is being acquired for the use of and will be the property of that business entity, and (B) the name and address of that business entity.
- 3. If the transfer of the firearm takes place on a different day from the date that the buyer signed Section A, the seller must again check the photo identification of the buyer at the time of the transfer, and the buyer must complete the recertification in Section C at the time of transfer.

- 4. If the buyer is a member of the Armed Forces on active duty acquiring a firearm in the State where his or her permanent duty station is located, but does not reside at his or her permanent duty station, the buyer must list both his or her permanent duty station address and his or her residence address in response to question 2.
- 5. If you are a U.S. citizen with two states of residence, you should list your current residence address in response to question 2 (e.g., if you are buying a firearm while staying at your weekend home in State X, you should list your address in State X in response to question 2).

Instructions To Transferor/Seller

- 1. Know Your Customer: Before a licensee may sell or deliver a firearm to a nonlicensee, the licensee must establish the identity, place of residence, and age of the buyer. The buyer must provide a valid government-issued photo identification to the seller that contains the buyer's name, residence address, and date of birth. The licensee must record the type, identification number, and expiration date (if any) of the identification in question 20a. A driver's license or an identification card issued by a State in place of a license is acceptable. Social security cards are not acceptable because no address, date of birth, or photograph is shown on the cards. A combination of governmentissued documents may be provided. For example, if a U.S. citizen has two states of residence and is trying to buy a handgun in State X, he may provide a driver's license (showing his name, date of birth, and photograph) issued by State Y and another government-issued document (such as a tax document) from State X showing his residence address. If the buyer is a member of the Armed Forces on active duty acquiring a firearm in the State where his or her permanent duty station is located, but he or she has a driver's license from another State, you should list the buyer's military identification card and official orders showing where his or her permanent duty station is located in response to question 20a.
- 2. Sale of Firearms to Legal Aliens (Part 1): A buyer who is not a citizen of the United States must provide additional documentation (beyond a valid government-issued photo identification that contains the buyer's name, residence address, and date of birth) to establish that he or she has resided in a State continuously for at least 90 days immediately prior to the date of the sale. See Definition 7. Examples of appropriate documents to establish State residency are utility bills from each of the last 3 months immediately prior to the sale or a lease agreement which demonstrates 90 days of residency immediately prior to the sale. A licensee may attach a copy of the documentation to ATF Form 4473, rather than record the type of documentation in question 20b.
- 3. Sale of Firearms to Legal Aliens (Part 2): Even if a nonimmigrant alien can establish that he or she has a U.S.-issued alien number or admission number and has resided in a State for at least 90 continuous days immediately prior to the date of sale, he or she is prohibited from receiving a firearm unless he or she falls within an exception to the nonimmigrant alien prohibition. (See Important Notice 4, Exception 2.) If a nonimmigrant alien claims to fall within one of these exceptions by answering "yes" to question 12, he or she must provide the licensee with documentation of the exception (e.g., hunting license/permit; waiver). If the documentation is a hunting license/permit does not qualify for the exception. A licensee may attach a copy of the documentation to ATF Form 4473, rather than record the type of documentation in question 20c.
- If the buyer's name in question 1 is illegible, the seller must print the buyer's name above the name written by the buyer.
- 5. NICS Check: After the buyer has completed Section A of the form and the licensee has completed questions 18-20, and before transferring the firearm, the licensee must contact NICS (see Instruction 8 below for NICS check exceptions.) However, the licensee should NOT contact NICS and should stop the transaction if: the buyer answers "no" to question 11.a.; the buyer answers "yes" to any question in 11.b.-11.l., unless the buyer only has answered "yes" to question 11.l. and also answers "yes" to question 12; or the buyer is unable to provide the documentation required by question 20a, b, or c.

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I certify that the answers to Section A are true and correct. I am aware that ATF Form 4473 contains Important Notices, Instructions, and Definitions. I understand that answering "yes" to question 11.a. if I am not the actual buyer of the firearm is a crime punishable as a felony. I understand that a person who answers "yes" to any of the questions 11.b. through 11.k. is prohibited from purchasing or receiving a firearm. I understand that a person who answers "yes" to question 11.l. is prohibited from purchasing or receiving a firearm, unless the person also answers "yes" to question 12. I also understand that making any false oral or written statement, or exhibiting any false or misrepresented identification with respect to this transaction, is a crime punishable as a felony. I further understand that the repetitive purchase of firearms for the purpose of resale for livelihood and profit without a Federal firearms license is a violation of law. (See Important Notice 6.)

Notice 6.)		50					
16. Transferee's/Buyer's Signature	. fou	ean as	Me	Der		17. Certification	Date
	Section B - N	Must Be Compl	eted By	Transferor (Sell	er)	11	/ . /
18. Type of firearm(s) to be transferred: Handgun Long G	Both	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	19. Location of sale if at a gun show or other qualifying event. (See Instruction to Transferor 15.) (City, State)				
20a. Identification (e.g., driver's license or	other valid gove	ernment-issued t	photo id	entification.) (See	Instruction to	Transferor 1.)	_ (01), 51110)
Type of Identification	Numbe	r on Identification	on			Date of Identificati	ion (if any) (ear
UL		0280			05	108	2019
20b. Aliens only: Type and dates of additi- Type of Identification	onal required ide	entification (e.g.	Dates		eements.) (See	Instruction to Tra	nsferor 2.)
20c. Nonimmigrant aliens only: Type of waiver.) (See Instruction to Transfero	or 3.)	- Te					
Question 21, 22, or 23 Must I							
21a. The transferee's identifying information NICS or the appropriate State agency of	on:	was transmitted (to 21b.	The NICS or State	e transaction n	umber (if provided	d) was:
Cancelled	may be transfer	rred on rovided by NICS,		If initial NICS or response was received. Proceed Denied Cancelled No resolution	eived from NIC	S or the appropria (date) (date)	ate State agency:
21e. (Complete if applicable.) After the fir (date).	earm was transfe		ing res		d from NICS or ncelled	the appropriate S	State agency on:
21f. The name and Brady identification num (optional) (name)	22.	22. No NICS check was required because the transfer involved only NFA firearm(s). (See Instruction to Transferor 8.)					
23. No NICS check was required bed exemption to NICS (See Instructor State Permit Type	ause the buyer had no to Transferon Date of Issuar	r 8.)		he State where the		ake place which q	
		.,,		(9)		······································	
			on C				
If the transfer of the firearm(s) takes place Section C immediately prior to the transfer I certify that the answers I provided to the	of the firearm(s). (See Instruction	on to Ti	ansferee 3 & Insti	ruction to Tran	A, the transferee sferor 9.)	must complete
24. Transferee's/Buyer's Signature		THE C				25. Recertificat	tion Date
	Section D	(See Instruction	ons to	ransferor 10-11.)		
26. Manufacturer and/or Importer	27. Model		Seri	28. al Number		29. (pistol, revolver, e, shotgun, etc.)	30. Caliber or Gauge
SMITH BUCSSON	686	AEZ	7	157	R	EVOLVER	38/357

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At the time that NICS is contacted, the licensee must record in question 21ac: the date of contact, the NICS (or State) transaction number, and the initial response provided by NICS or the State. The licensee may record the Missing Disposition Information (MDI) date in 21c which NICS provides for delayed transactions (States do not provide this number). If the licensee receives a "delayed" response, before transferring the firearm, the licensee must record in question 21d any response later provided by NICS or the State or that no resolution was provided within 3 business days. If the licensee receives a response from NICS or the State after the firearm has been transferred, he or she must record this information in question 21e. Note: States acting as points of contact for NICS checks may use terms other than "proceed," "delayed," "cancelled," or "denied." In such cases, the licensee should check the box that corresponds to the State's response. Some States may not provide a transaction number for denials. However, if a firearm is transferred within the three business day period, a transaction number is required.

- 6. Unique Personal Identification Number (UPIN): For purchasers approved to have information maintained about them in the FBI NICS Voluntary Appeal File (VAF), NICS will provide them with a Unique Personal Identification Number (UPIN), which the buyer should record in question 9. The licensee may be asked to provide the UPIN to NICS or the State.
- 7. NICS Responses: If NICS provides a "proceed" response, the transaction may proceed. If NICS provides a "cancelled" response, the seller is prohibited from transferring the firearm to the buyer. If NICS provides a "denied" response, the seller is prohibited from transferring the firearm to the buyer. If NICS provides a "delayed" response, the seller is prohibited from transferring the firearm unless 3 business days have elapsed and, before the transfer, NICS or the State has not advised the seller that the buyer's receipt or possession of the firearm would be in violation of law. See 27 CFR § 478.102(a) for an example of how to calculate 3 business days. If NICS provides a "delayed" response, NICS also will provide a Missing Disposition Information (MDI) date which calculates the 3 business days and reflects when the firearm(s) can be transferred under Federal law. States may not provide an MDI date. Please note State law may impose a waiting period on transferring firearms.
- 8. EXCEPTIONS TO NICS CHECK: A NICS check is not required if the transfer qualifies for any of the exceptions in 27 CFR § 478.102(d). Generally these include: (a) transfers where the buyer has presented the licensee with a permit or license that allows the buyer to possess, acquire, or carry a firearm, and the permit has been recognized by ATF as a valid alternative to the NICS check requirement; (b) transfers of National Firearms Act weapons approved by ATF; or (c) transfers certified by ATF as exempt because compliance with the NICS check requirements is impracticable. See 27 CFR § 478.102(d) for a detailed explanation. If the transfer qualifies for one of these exceptions, the licensee must obtain the documentation required by 27 CFR § 478.131. A firearm must not be transferred to any buyer who fails to provide such documentation.
- 9. If the transfer takes place on a different day from the date that the buyer signed Section A, the licensee must again check the photo identification of the buyer at the time of transfer, and the buyer must complete the recertification in Section C at the time of transfer.
- For "denied" and "cancelled" NICS transactions, the person who completed Section B must complete Section D, questions 33-35.
- Immediately prior to transferring the firearm, the seller must complete all of the questions in Section D.
- 12. Additional firearms purchases by the same buyer may not be added to the form after the seller has signed and dated it. A buyer who wishes to purchase additional firearms after the seller has signed and dated the form must complete a new ATF Form 4473. The seller must conduct a new NICS check.
- In addition to completing this form, the seller must report any multiple sale or other disposition of pistols or revolvers on ATF Form 3310.4. (See 27 CFR § 478.126a).
- 14. If more than three firearms are involved in a transaction, the information required by Section D, questions 26-30, must be provided for the additional firearms on a separate sheet of paper, which must be attached to the ATF Form 4473 covering the transaction.

- 15. If the transfer occurs at a gun show or other qualifying event sponsored by any national, State, or local organization as authorized by 27 CFR § 478.100, the seller must record the location of the sale in question 19.
- 16. After the seller has completed the firearms transaction, he or she must make the completed, original ATF Form 4473 (which includes the Important Notices, Instructions, and Definitions), and any supporting documents, part of his or her permanent records. Such Forms 4473 must be retained for at least 20 years. Filing may be chronological (by date), alphabetical (by name), or numerical (by transaction serial number), as long as all of the seller's completed Forms 4473 are filed in the same manner. FORMS 4473 FOR DENIED/CAN-CELLED TRANSFERS MUST BE RETAINED: If the transfer of a firearm is denied/cancelled by NICS, or if for any other reason the transfer does not go through after a NICS check is initiated, the licensee must retain the ATF Form 4473 in his or her records for at least 5 years. Forms 4473 with respect to which a sale, delivery or transfer did not take place shall be separately retained in alphabetical (by name) or chronological (by date of transferee's certification) order.
- You may include any other information on this form that is relevant to the transaction.
- 18. If you or the buyer discover an ATF Form 4473 is incomplete or improperly completed after the firearm has been transferred, and you or the buyer wish to make a record of your discovery, photocopy the inaccurate form. Make any necessary additions or revisions to the photocopy. You only should make changes to Sections B and D. The buyer only should make changes to Sections A and C. Whoever made the changes should initial and date the changes. The corrected photocopy should be attached to the original Form 4473 and retained as part of your permanent records.

Definitions

- Over-the-counter Transaction: The sale or other disposition of a firearm by a seller to a buyer, at the seller's licensed premises. This includes the sale or other disposition of a rifle or shotgun to a nonresident buyer on such premises.
- State Laws and Published Ordinances: The publication (ATF P 5300.5) of State firearms laws and local ordinances ATF distributes to licensees.
- Under Indictment or Information or Convicted in any Court: An indictment, information, or conviction in any Federal, State, or local court.
- 4. Misdemeanor Crime of Domestic Violence: A Federal, State, local, or tribal offense that is a misdemeanor under Federal, State, or tribal law and has, as an element, the use or attempted use of physical force, or the threatened use of a deadly weapon, committed by a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabiting with, or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim. The term includes all misdemeanors that have as an element the use or attempted use of physical force or the threatened use of a deadly weapon (e.g., assault and battery), if the offense is committed by one of the defined parties.
- 5. Adjudicated as a Mental Defective: (a) A determination by a court, board, commission, or other lawful authority that a person, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, incompetency, condition, or disease: (1) Is a danger to himself or to others; or (2) Lacks the mental capacity to contract or manage his own affairs. (b) This term shall include (1) A finding of insanity by a court in a criminal case; and (2) Those persons found incompetent to stand trial or found not guilty by reason of lack of mental responsibility pursuant to articles 50a and 72b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, 10 U.S.C. 850a, 876b.
- 6. Committed to a Mental Institution: A formal commitment of a person to a mental institution by a court, board, commission, or other lawful authority. The term includes a commitment to a mental institution involuntarily. The term includes commitment for mental defectiveness or mental illness. It also includes commitments for other reasons, such as for drug use. The term does not include a person in a mental institution for observation or a voluntary admission to a mental institution.

Complete ATF Form 3310.4 For Multiple Purchases Of Handguns (See Instruction to Transferor 13.)

31. Trade/corporate name and address of transferor (seller) (Hand stamp may be

32. Federal Firearms License Number (Complete 15 digit FFL

CUSTOM FIREARMS BGUNSMWHIN Number.) (Hand stamp may be used.)

10798 # Hwy 50, SUITEB 9-88-019-07-3E-0196/

MOUND HOUSE NV 87706

On the basis of (1) the statements in Section A (and Section C if the transfer does not occur on the day Section A was completed); (2) my verification of the identification noted in question 20a (and my reverification at the time of transfer if the transfer does not occur on the day Section A was completed); and (3) the information in the current State Laws and Published Ordinances, it is my belief that it is not unlawful for me to sell, deliver, transport, or otherwise dispose of the firearm(s) listed on this form to the person identified in Section A.

The Person Transferring The Firearm(s) Must Complete Questions 33-36. For Denied/Cancelled Transactions, The Person Who Completed Section B Must Complete Questions 33-35.

33. Transferor's/Seller's Name (Please print.) 34. Transferor's/Seller's Signature 35. Transferor's/Seller's Title 36. Date Transfer is Completed

Important Notices

- 1. Actual Buyer: For purposes of this form, you are the actual buyer if you are purchasing the firearm for yourself or otherwise acquiring the firearm for yourself (for example, redeeming the firearm from pawn/retrieving it from consignment, firearm raffle winner). You are also the actual buyer if you are legitimately acquiring the firearm as a gift for a third party. ACTUAL BUYER EXAMPLES: Mr. Smith asks Mr. Jones to purchase a firearm for Mr. Smith. Mr. Smith gives Mr. Jones the money for the firearm. Mr. Jones is NOT the actual buyer of the firearm and must answer "no" to question 11.a. The licensee may not transfer the firearm to Mr. Jones. However, if Mr. Brown goes to buy a firearm with his own money to give to Mr. Black as a present, Mr. Brown is the actual buyer of the firearm and should answer "yes" to question 11.a. Please note, if you are picking up a repaired firearm for another person, you should answer "n/a" to question 11.a.
- 2. Purpose of the Form: The information and certification on this form are designed so that a person licensed under 18 U.S.C. § 923 may determine if he or she lawfully may sell or deliver a firearm to the person identified in Section A, and to alert the buyer of certain restrictions on the receipt and possession of firearms. This form only should be used for sales or transfers where the seller is licensed under 18 U.S.C. § 923. The seller of a firearm must determine the lawfulness of the transaction and keep proper records of the transaction. Consequently, the seller must be familiar with the provisions of 18 U.S.C. §§ 921-931 and the regulations in 27 CFR Part 478. In determining the lawfulness of the sale or delivery of a long gun to a resident of another State, the seller is presumed to know applicable State laws and published ordinances in both the seller's State and the buyer's State.
- 3. Background Checks: The Brady law, 18 U.S.C. § 922(t), requires that prior to transferring any firearm to an unlicensed person, a licensed importer, manufacturer or dealer must first contact the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS). NICS will advise the licensee whether the system finds any information that the purchaser is prohibited by law from possessing or receiving a firearm. For purposes of this form, contacts to NICS include contacts to State agencies designated to conduct NICS checks for the Federal Government. WARNING: Any seller who transfers a firearm to any person they know or have reasonable cause to believe is prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm violates the law even if the seller has complied with the background check requirements of the Brady law.
- 4. Prohibited Persons: Generally, 18 U.S.C. § 922 prohibits the shipment, transportation, receipt, or possession in or affecting interstate commerce of a firearm by one who: has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence; has been convicted of a felony, or any other crime, punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year (this does not include State misdemeanors punishable by imprisonment of two years or less); is a fugitive from justice; is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marijuana or any depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, or any other controlled substance; has been adjudicated mentally defective or has been committed to a mental institution; has been discharged from the Armed Forces under dishonorable conditions; has renounced his or her U.S. citizenship; is an alien illegally in the United States or a nonimmigrant alien; or is subject to certain restraining orders. Furthermore, section 922 prohibits the shipment, transportation, or receipt in or affecting interstate commerce of a firearm by one who is under indictment or information for a felony, or any other crime, punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year.

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- 7. State of Residence: The State in which an individual resides. An individual resides in a State if he or she is present in a State with the intention of making a home in that State. If an individual is a member of the Armed Forces on active duty, his or her State of residence also is the State in which his or her permanent duty station is located. An alien who is legally in the United States is a resident of a State only if the alien is residing in the State and has resided in the State continuously for at least 90 days immediately prior to the date of sale or delivery of a firearm.
- 8. Nonimmigrant Alien: An alien in the United States in a nonimmigrant classification. The definition includes, in large part, persons traveling temporarily in the United States for business or pleasure, persons studying in the United States who maintain a residence abroad, and certain foreign workers. The definition does NOT include permanent resident aliens.

Privacy Act Information

Solicitation of this information is authorized under 18 U.S.C. § 923(g). Disclosure of the individual's social security number is voluntary. The number may be used to verify the individual's identity.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

The information required on this form is in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The purpose of the information is to determine the eligibility of the transferee to receive firearms under Federal law. The information is subject to inspection by ATF officers and is required by 18 U.S.C. §§ 922 and 923.

The estimated average burden associated with this collection is 25 minutes per respondent or recordkeeper, depending on individual circumstances. Comments about the accuracy of this burden estimate and suggestions for reducing it should be directed to Reports Management Officer, Document Services Branch, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, Washington, DC 20226.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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